Validating the Prediction Profiler with Disallowed Combinations - A Case Study

Jeremy Ash, Caleb King, Laura Lancaster, Ryan Lekivetz, Joseph Morgan, Yeng Saanchi

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Prediction Profiler

- Visually explore the relationships between multiple factors and responses
- Set of univariate plots for each factor that show predicted response(s) for settings of the factors
- Interact with plots to change factor values
- Often used in conjunction with desirability function
- "Maximize desirability" is a very important feature

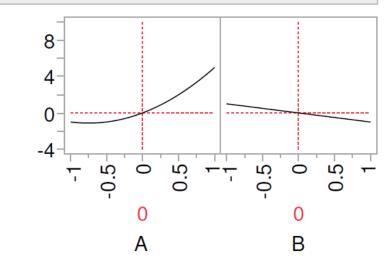


Prediction Profiler

$$Y = 3 * A - 1 * B + 2 * A^2 - 4 * A * B.$$

Prediction Profiler

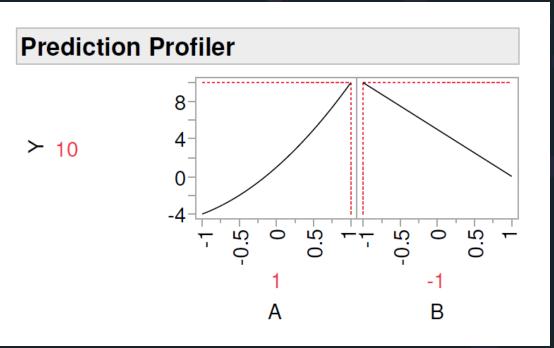
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Prediction Profiler

-Response goal (related to desirability) to maximize response



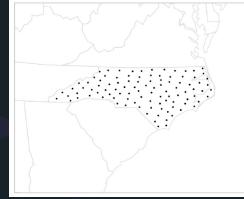


Disallowed Combinations

- Boolean expression that evaluates to true if a given design point is not in the design space and false for a design point that is in the design space.
- Typically used to create a design with no disallowed combinations (i.e., only design points in the allowable region)

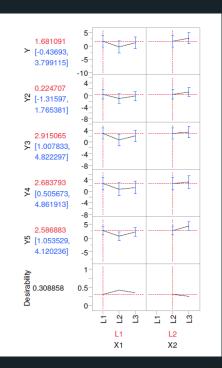
Examples:

- A * B > 0.5 | A * B < -0.5
- A = "old machine" & B = "new part"
- outside of a polygon





Disallowed Combinations



- 5 responses, Y1-Y5
- 3-level Categorical X1 & X2
- Disallowed Combination

X1 = "L1" & X2 = "L1"





Our Ta<u>sk</u>

Test the prediction profiler with disallowed combinations



- Developers and test engineers with different backgrounds: advanced degrees in statistics, computer science, operations research, and bioinformatics
- This team had been investigating "maximize desirability"



What is software testing? Our Adopted Definition

"Testing is the process of executing a program with the intent of finding errors."

G. Myers, The Art of Software Testing, Wiley, 1979



Our Challenge

- How to determine appropriate coverage of all possible uses of the feature?
- How to determine the appropriate "oracle" for comparing and evaluating test results?



Where are the bugs?

"Bugs lurk in corners and congregate at boundaries."

B. Beizer, Software Testing Techniques, Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1983



Our Testing Approach

Combinatorial Testing via Covering Arrays

- Use of covering arrays so that for a system with *m* inputs, a strength *t* covering array ensures that all possible combinations for any set of *t* inputs will occur at least once in the suite of test cases
- Why Covering Arrays?
 - Cost-efficient
 - Selection problem what to test
 - Enable finding of failures due to interactions between multiple factors
 - Disciplined approach to testing vs. "let's just test more"



Data Pedigree

- What do you do with limited data sets?
- Need to anticipate how they might be used
- Our Solution:
 - Combine data set generation and test case selection using combinatorial testing
 - Consider both test case selection and data set generation factors
 - Data set generation 15 inputs
 - Test case selection 3 inputs



Factors and Levels

Table 1. Factors and selected levels.											
Factor	Levels										
X1	L1 = 3-level discrete numeric $L2 = 3$ -level categorical										
X2	L1 = 3-level discrete numeric $L2 = 3$ -level categorical										
X3	L1 = 3-level discrete numeric $L2 = 3$ -level categorical										
X4	L1 = 3-level discrete numeric $L2 = 3$ -level categorical										
X5-10	L1 = categorical $L2 = continuous$ $L3 = mix$										
Number of Responses	L1 = 1 $L2 = 3$ $L3 = 5$										
Response Goal	L1 = Match Target L2 = Maximize										
Response Goar	L3 = Minimize $L4 = Random$										
Model	L1 = Main Effects $L2 = If Possible Interactions$										
Constraint 1	$L1 = \{X1 = 1 \land X2 = 1\} L2 = \{X1 = 1 \land X2 = 1 \land X3 = 1\}$										
Constraint 2	$L1 = \{X3 = 1 \land X4 = 3\}$ $L2 = none$										
Constraint 3	$L1 = \{X4 = 1 \land X11 > 0.5\}$ $L2 = none$										
Continuous Constraint	$L1 = \{X11 * X12 > 0.8\} L2 = \{X11 + X12 > 0.5\}$										
Run Size	L1 = 32 $L2 = 64$										
Augment Design	L1 = Yes $L2 = No$										
Simulated Model	L1 = Main Effects $L2 = Few Interactions$										
Maximize & Remember	L1 = Yes $L2 = No$										
Maximize Desirability	L1 = 1X $L2 = 3X$										
Sensitivity Indicator	L1 = Yes $L2 = No$										



Test Suite

- 2⁴ *3² *4*2⁸ *2³ = 1,179,648 possible test cases
- Strength 2 covering array has all pairwise combinations covered in 13 runs
- All 8 combinations of the 3 profiler options are covered



One Test Case from Test Suite

X1	X2	X3 X4	X5	X6	X7	X8	X9	X10	X11	X12	Y	Y2	¥3	¥4	Y5
L3	L1	3 L3	L3	L3	L2	L3	L3	L1	-1	-1	0.542275662	0.2314431259	0.1845311697	1.085570042	2.7143215903
L1	L2	3 L3	L1	L2	L3	L1	L3	L1	-1	1	2.3313319146	4.1376411657	4.6094783369	3.7291655169	3.2223028211
L2	L2	3 L1	L1	L2	L2	L3	L1	L3	-1	-1	-1.693443515	-1.580717884	0.2655267982	-0.175142721	-1.367328136
L2	L3	3 L1	L3	L1	L2	L1	L2	L2	-1	1	1.2106162355	1.347385309	1.2301852445	1.4921668108	1.0140916013
L3	L2	1 L1	L2	L1	L2	L2	L3	L1	-0.3	0.8	-0.73266644	0.5345145143	0.0556475282	-1.65156732	-0.932329348
L2	L1	3 L1	L3	L2	L1	L2	L1	L1	-0.5	1	5.2542491132	3.431842444	4.5898393906	5.472234217	4.0643000326
L3	L2	1 L2	L1	L3	L3	L2	L1	L1	-1	-1	-0.513512003	-2.437074316	-1.562693016	-1.760816073	-1.182705077
L3	L1	1 L3	L2	L1	L2	L1	L1	L2	-1	-1	-0.727155289	-1.605243388	-1.375443693	-1.509205499	-0.504352091
L2	L3	3 L3	L2	L1	L3	L3	L3	L1	-1	-1	-0.745093695	-1.640737948	-0.606750857	-1.218094214	1.0954852198
L1	L2	1 L3	L3	L3	L3	L3	L2	L3	-1	1	-1.577016143	-0.126168039	0.6689014136	-1.219641004	-1.01788565
L1	L2	1 L1	L3	L1	L3	L2	L2	L1	-1	-1	-0.858001659	-0.965702613	-1.260431528	-1.130668404	-0.097203174
L3	L2	3 L2	L2	L1	L1	L1	L3	L3	-1	1	2.846753605	1.9099644666	2.5375567644	3.3334305977	3.4248842255
L3	L1	3 L1	L2	L3	L3	L1	L2	L3	1	-1	4.9227516399	3.6543603543	5.495662193	0.92300386	2.5574343942
L1	L3	3 L3	L1	L1	L1	L2	L1	L3	-1	1	5.315258432	4.8612011104	4.2990123784	6.3238861057	6.258685401
L3	L2	3 L1	L1	L3	L1	L3	L2	L2	1	-1	1.0839589151	1.8886961921	2.9974358048	2.8619459879	2.0624498022
L1	L3	3 L2	L2	L3	L2	L1	L1	L1	1	-1	3.4675569363	2.1947037333	4.3316618575	3.5897306064	3.5798961432
L3	L3	1 L1	L3	12	L3	L1	L1	L3	-1	-1	0.7652854124	0.3173728949	0.1754077535	0.0662026164	1.240040559
L2	L2	3 L2	L2	L2	L3	L2	L2	L2	-1	-1	-9.276301633	-7.795689703	-8.032403138	-7.009010243	-7.903814987
L3	L3	1 L2	L1	12	L2	L3	L2	L3	-0.5	1	-3.055210862	-1.98096285	-2.819043881	-1.831096029	-1.977629107
L1	L2	1 L2	L3	L2	L2	L1	L3	L3	1	-1	-1.732732906	-3.276147113	-2.856975862	-1.666932232	-1.575917551
L3	L1	1 L2	L3	L2	L1	L3	L2	L1	-1	1	-0.774107918	0.4995964144	0.5901216937	-0.381182875	0.6006195426
L2	L3	1 L3	L1	L1	L1	L1	L2	L1	1	-1	1.8140060264	4.0299025766	3.6743935846	3.3738129509	5.4036827958
L2	L3	1 L1	L2	L3	L3	L3	L1	L1	-0.5	1	0.6781423946	3.3647571996	0.8459829241	1.8539304624	1.6032123398
L2	L1	1 L3	L2	L2	L2	L2	L2	L3	0.7	-0.2	-4.357370277	-2.825631914	-6.192788625	-3.05237225	-4.237230415
L1	L2	3 L2	L3	L1	L3	L3	L1	L2	0.6	-0.134544939	-0.041801795	3.2268133807	3.5064522902	4.0524665584	4.0364404545
L2	L3	3 L2	L3	L3	L1	L2	L3	L3	-1	-1	-2.55705354	-3.262155716	-2.371517074	-2.512884742	-0.652068215
L2	L2	1 L3	L3	L3	L1	L1	L1	L2	0.7	-0.2	1.2953038787	1.4323375956	0.1415297661	2.9620076814	-0.741709204
L2	L1	1 L2	L1	L3	L3	L1	L3	L2	-1	1	-1.464511126	0.2894657391	0.9183946638	-2.670824896	-1.470031766
L1	L3	1 L1	L1	L3	L2	L2	L3	L2	-1	1	-0.720256831	0.0645720147	-0.31496915	1.0616488391	-0.018323675
L2	L1	1 L1	L1	L1	L3	L3	L3	L3	1	-1	4.1033749653	5.0453991863	1.9617821707	3.1597588556	3.0215771796
L1	L3	1 L1	L2	L2	L1	L3	L3	L2	-1	-1	-0.763500426	-2.705924109	-2.797855441	-0.569899851	-2.968692184
L3	L3	3 L3	L3	L2	L3	L2	L3	L2	1	-0.5	-0.424650781	-0.331515381	-0.966727468	-0.923679324	0.2210143071



Some Aspects of the Profiler to Test

- Does the profiler display the constrained region correctly?
- Does the profiler only profile allowable regions?
- Do the various profiler options work as expected?
- Does the profiler exhibit a lag in profiling when the user interacts with its controls?
- Does maximizing desirability find the optimum in the constrained space?



Sequential Nature of Testing

- Nightly unit test suite
- Revisit oracles
- Augmentation to improve coverage



Summary

- Challenges of validating statistical software
 - Deriving oracles is difficult
 - Lack of data sets
- Combinatorial testing effective and efficient
- Combined both data set generation and profiler features as factors



Thank you!



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