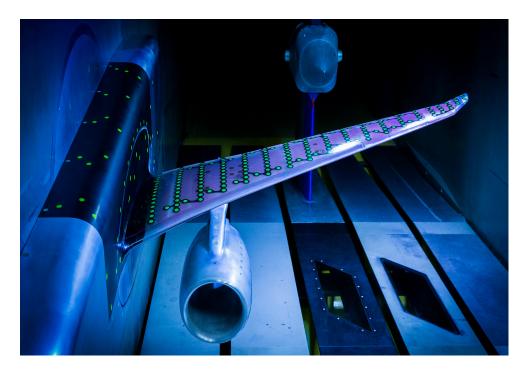
Data-Driven Robust Design of an Aeroelastic Wing

Andrew Cooper, Luis Crespo, and Bret Stanford

What's one takeaway from this talk?

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Identifying robust designs with simulators is a challenging task, but Bayesian Optimization methods can be an effective approach.



https://www.aopa.org/news-and-media/allnews/2018/october/17/flutter-analysis-a-first

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- Researchers often interested in evaluating unique wing designs.
- Commonly wish to minimize wing weight but not flutter too much.
- Wing behavior depends on complex aeroelastic properties.



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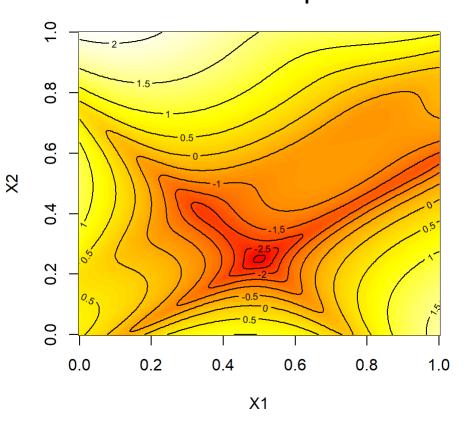
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- Researchers build simulators that model in-flight behavior.

$$y = f(x) + \epsilon$$

- Can still take a while to run.
- Gradient-based methods can struggle (Robert B. Gramacy 2020).

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Simulator Output*

*Goldstein-Price function from Virtual Library of Simulation Experiments (Surjanovic and Bingham 2013)

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1.0 1.0 Training Data 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.6 X X 0.4 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.8 0.0 0.4 0.6 1.0 0.2 0.0 0.6 0.8 1.0 0.4 X1 X1

Surrogate Prediction

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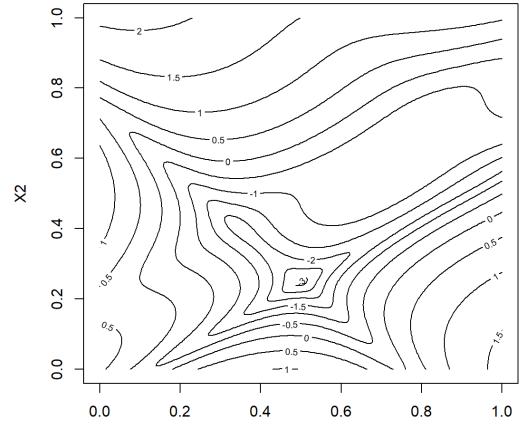
Surrogate Uncertainty

*Goldstein-Price function from Virtual Library of Simulation Experiments (Surjanovic and Bingham 2013)

• Goal is to optimize objective (i.e. minimize weight).

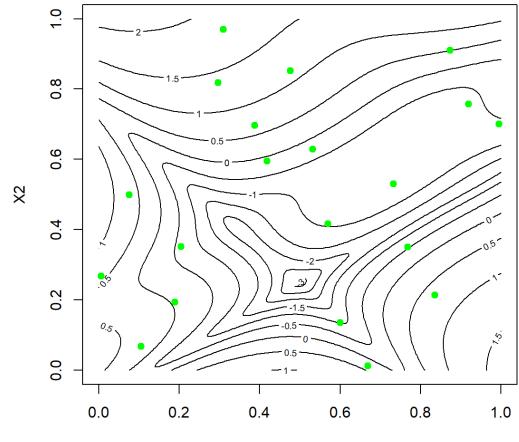
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- How can we use surrogate models to find an optimal wing design?
- Sequential design algorithm known as "Bayesian Optimization".



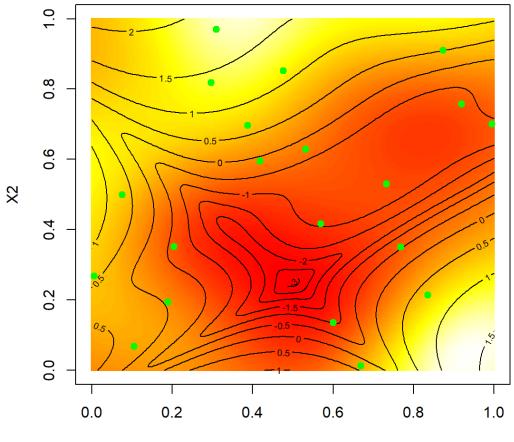
X1

1. Generate initial design to evaluate in simulator

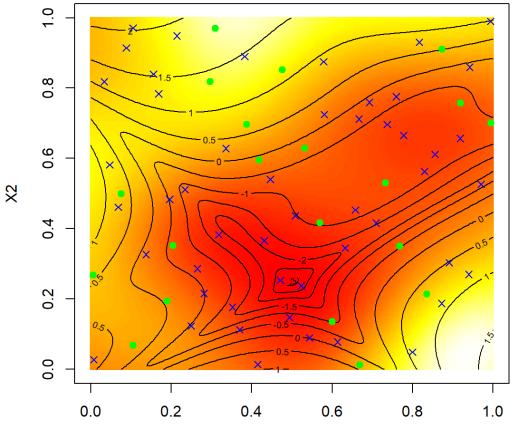


X1

- 1. Generate initial design to evaluate in simulator
- 2. Fit surrogate model to data

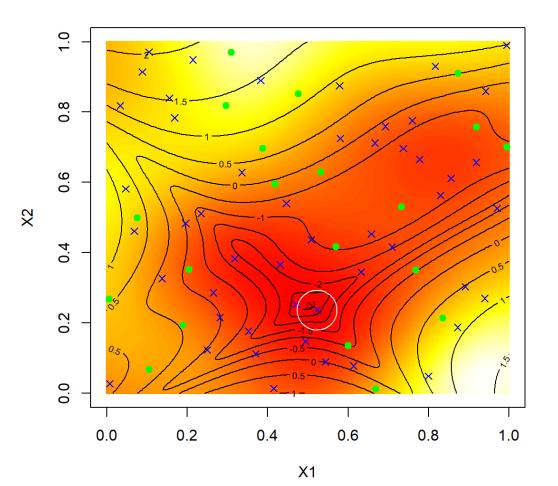


- 1. Generate initial design to evaluate in simulator
- 2. Fit surrogate model to data
- 3. Generate candidate set

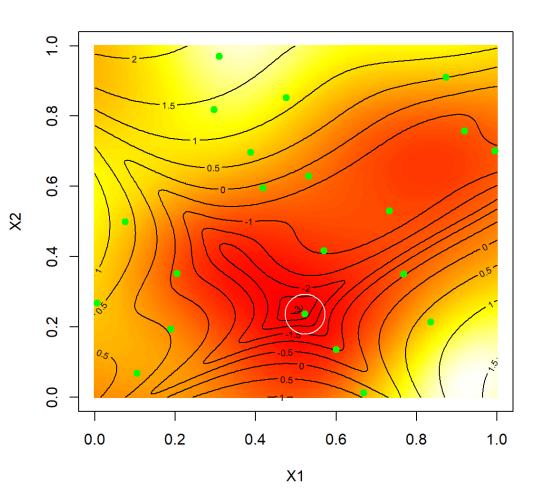


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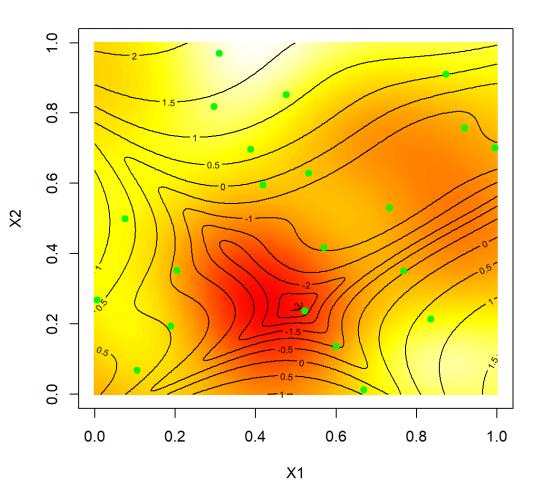
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- 4. Select new observation that maximizes **surrogate** criteria.



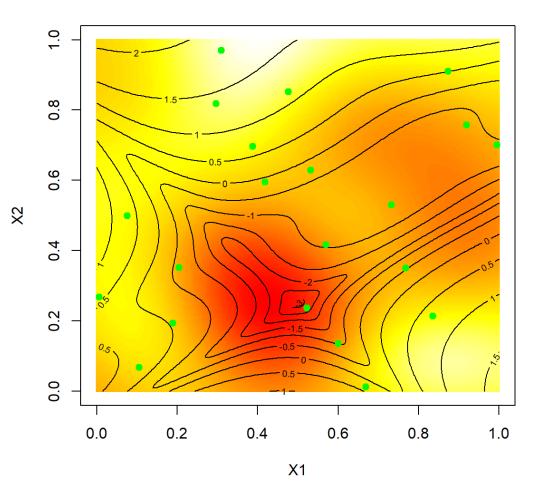
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- 5. Acquire new observation, evaluate simulator



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- 6. Update surrogate model



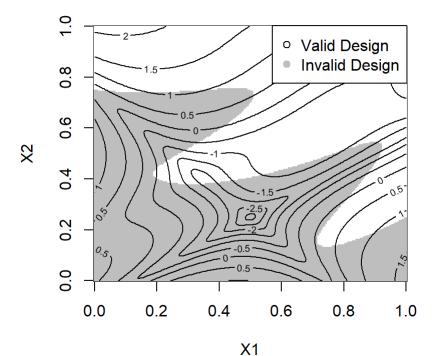
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- 7. Repeat steps 3-6 until convergence (or budget runs out).



• Flutter requirement adds additional **constraint** to optimization problem.

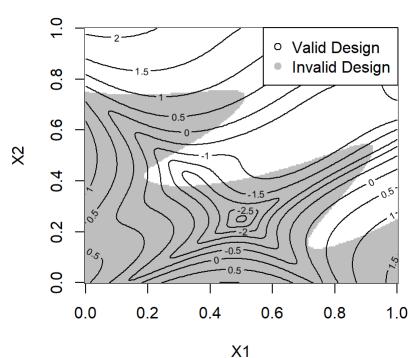
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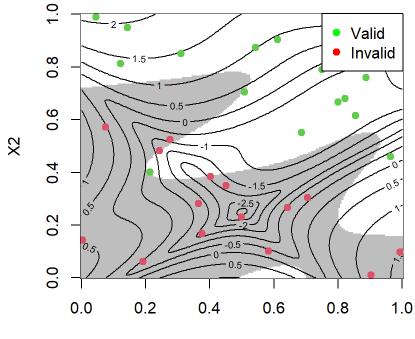


Simulator Output

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Simulator Output



Surrogate Estimate

What makes a design "robust"?

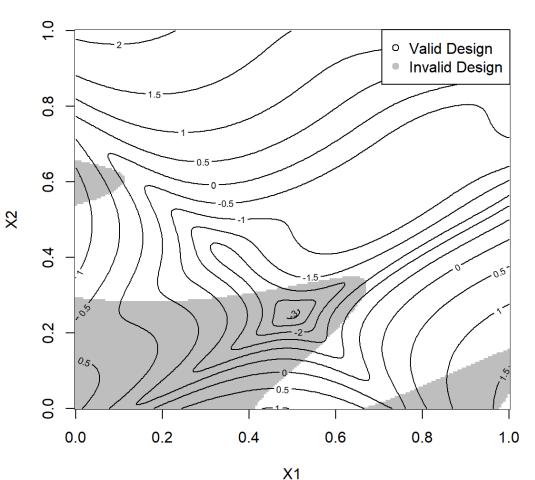
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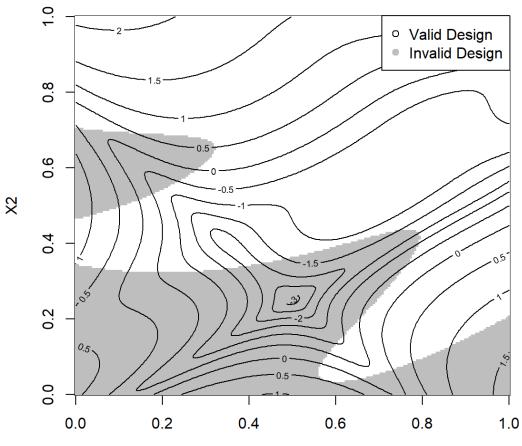
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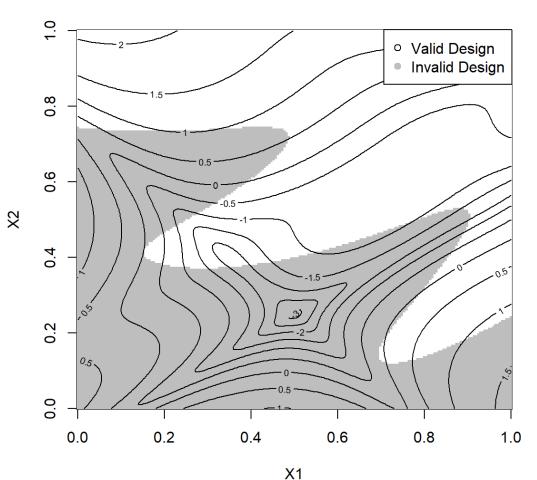
Mach Number = 0.1

- Flutter behavior depends on factors like...
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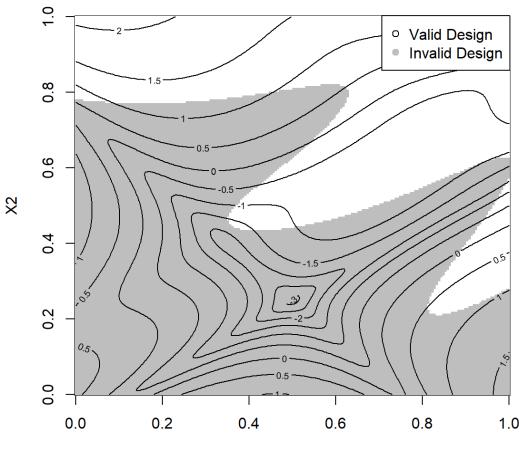
Mach Number = 0.3

- Flutter behavior depends on factors like...
- 1. Mach number
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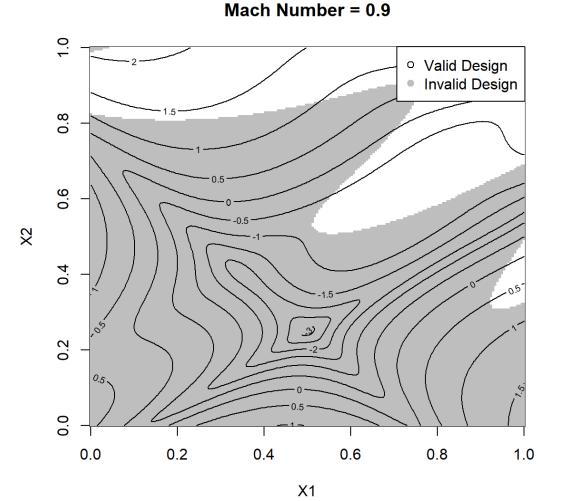
Mach Number = 0.5

- Flutter behavior depends on factors like...
- 1. Mach number
- 2. Structural damping
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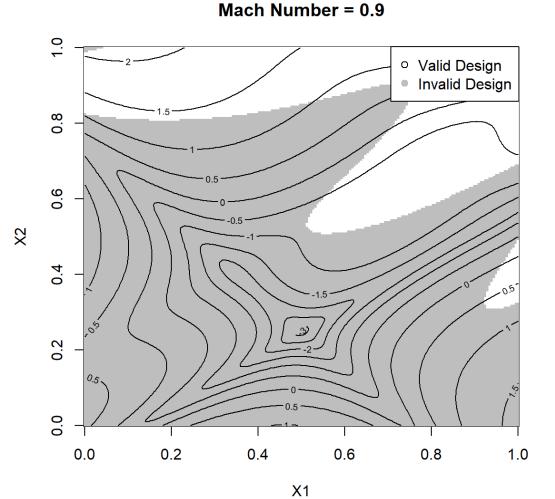


Mach Number = 0.7

- Flutter behavior depends on factors like...
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- Flutter behavior depends on factors like...
- 1. Mach number
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- Variability can affect feasibility of wing designs.
- "Robust" = feasible under variety of scenarios.

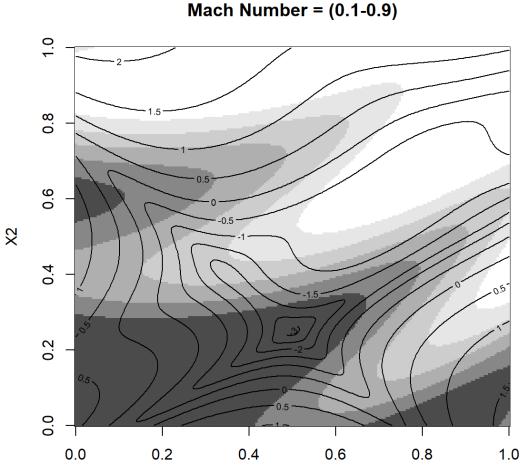


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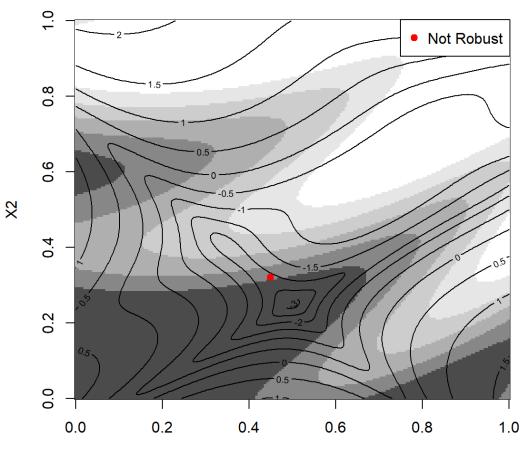
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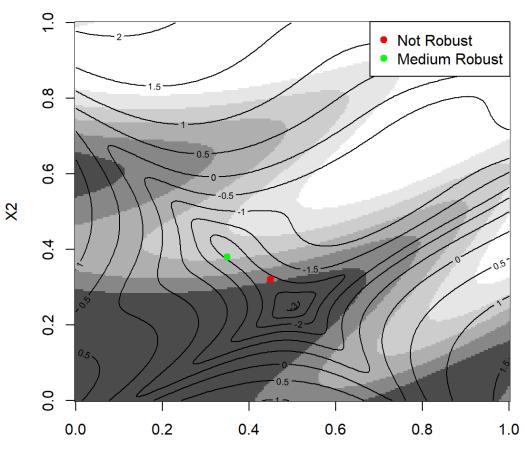


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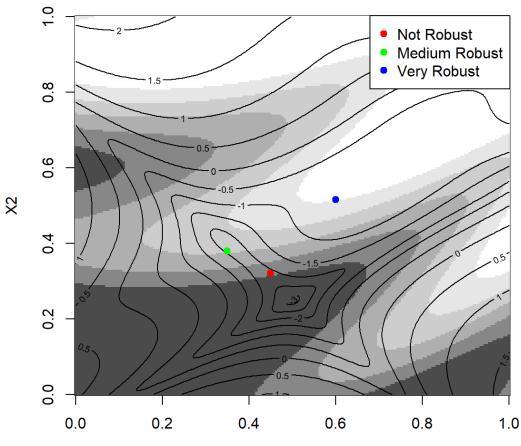


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Mach Number = (0.1-0.9)

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Mach Number = (0.1-0.9)

References

Gramacy, Robert B. 2020. Surrogates: Gaussian Process Modeling, Design and Optimization for the Applied Sciences. Boca Raton, Florida: Chapman Hall/CRC.
Gramacy, Robert B, and Herbert K H Lee. 2010. "Optimization Under Unknown Constraints."
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